

Share and explore discussion forum objects on the Calico website

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Abstract: In this article, we present the Calico website, a shared space where researchers and practitioners in education share and explore discussion forum objects coming from different e-learning platforms. The platform is briefly described. The focus is set on the different kinds of representation provided by the Calico toolkit.

Introduction

Asynchronous online discussion forums are used in a wide range of contexts in education. Analysing and building representations for the large amount of data underlying these forums often requires sophisticated methods and tools (Hrastinski & Keller, 2007). Rosé *et al.* (2008) provide a review on automatic collaborative learning processing.

Bratitsis & Dimitracopoulou (2007) developed the DIAS discussion forum system with several integrated interaction tools that offer a wide range of indicators to all discussion users: students, tutors, teachers and researchers alike. Li *et al.* (2007) propose a multidimensional analysis framework that supports interaction analysis, text analysis and social network analysis. But in those systems like DIAS or Knowledge Forum for instance, the analysis tools are only available through the platform that supports the discussion forum itself.

Comparing analyses of forums coming from various contexts remains a difficult task. One challenge lies in the fact that applying various tools to the same forums requires a lot of transformations. To facilitate comparisons in content analysis, Law *et al.* (2007) argue for a unified toolset for analysing CSCL stressing on the fact that “the tools for different analysis are not integrated so that lots of time are wasted in transforming data into different formats for the different analysis”. Offering new open services and tools for the sharing, the exploration and the comparison of fora is at the core of the Calico initiative presented in this paper.

One major issue of the Calico project is to make forums easier to read, explore and analyse. In this perspective, a shared workspace has been developed with novel tools that propose several ways to display the contents of a forum, to compute quantitative and qualitative indicators about authors, interactions, topics and to offer new ways to display global or local information about a forum.

The Calico shared space

The Calico research network associates 4 research laboratories and 6 colleges of education with the goal of developing a better understanding of distant collaborative learning and providing tools for researchers and practitioners for better management study and analysis of discussion fora. The main purpose of this network is to share data, methodology, needs, tools, and analyses between researchers and teachers, allowing different views on content and interaction analysis.

The Calico website offers a shared space dedicated to researchers and practitioners for analyzing “Computer Mediated Communication” (CMC) objects. It was originally created for sharing discussion forum objects from e-learning students’ platforms but it now handles other communication objects such as mailing lists.

The Calico website (<http://wims.crashdump.net/calico/>) is a CMC object sharing website where users can upload, view, study and share CMC objects. Unregistered users can watch and study public anonymous CMC objects on the site, while registered users are permitted to upload an unlimited number of objects. Some objects are available only for the Calico special interest group, while private CMC objects are strictly available for their owner. The privacy aspects have also to be considered. The Calico website provides light anonymisation features for discussion fora. Full automated anonymisation is not provided since it may transform significant parts of messages.

The technical issues of sharing and exchanging CMC objects stand in three points: the specification of exchange formats, the management of dynamic sources, and the management of large sources.

Sharing and exchanging CMC objects is a new need. Standard exchange format did not exist when we started this work in early 2000’s. Most platforms handle their own data format and few ones include export techniques. The Calico and Mulce (Multimodal Learning Corpus Exchange, <http://mulce.univ-fcomte.fr/axescient.htm>) initiatives started the design of an exchange format for such data quite simultaneously. While the Calico XML exchange format named XmlForum and designed by B. Huyn Kim Bang and E. Giguët, allows the representation of discussion forum objects, the Mulce XML exchange format allows the representation of general CMC objects and includes detailed meta-information (Reffay *et al.*, 2008).

The design of an exchange format is mandatory but still does not solve the whole exchanging and sharing problem. Exchanging and sharing discussion objects requires the conversion of discussion forum to XmlForum. The conversion is achieved by connectors or spiders that translate e-learning platform proprietary format to XmlForum open format. We already built up two *spiders*, one for discussion objects coming from *BSCW* (*Basic Support for Cooperative Work*) platforms (<http://www.bscw.de/>) and another one for discussion objects powered by *phpBB*, a commonly used open solution (<http://www.phpbb.com/>), and one *connector* for ASPFRM discussion objects coming from the *DIAS* system (Bratitsis & Dimitracopoulou, 2007).

Exploring CMC Objects with the Calico toolkit

The Calico toolkit is made of multilingual, user-centered, exploration tools dedicated to CMC Objects. Prior to the exploration, the CMC Objects must have been uploaded on the Calico website. In the following sections, we will focus on five components of this toolkit.

Reading and Filtering CMC Objects: ShowForum

The toolkit includes a basic tool named ShowForum to display and read all available information related to a forum. The messages can be displayed with two layouts: the list layout, and the thread layout. The list layout simply displays the message in chronological order. The thread layout displays the message by threads, in chronological order of the initial message of the thread. Each thread is shown as a “tree”, focusing on the relation between posts and replies. A feature allows dynamic anonymization of the author name mentioned in the header of the messages. This feature is shared with the other exploration tools.

Preferences allow the user to filter the messages according to several combined criteria: authors, date range and thread subjects. These preferences will be considered by all the other exploration tools so that analysis can be performed on different views of interest.

Creating chronological thumbnails of CMC Objects: Anagora

Anagora provides a graph representation to visualize overlapping threads over time on a single screen. Its special feature is to calculate the best resolution for a forum to fit on a screen by choosing the most appropriate time scale according to data (Giguet & Lucas, 2009).

Focusing on the CMC Objects content structure: Themagora

Themagora parses discussion forum objects as collective discourse directed either by a specific task achievement goal or by a communication goal. It is a multilingual robust tool, providing “forum tiling” but also “discussion nesting”. It uses the differences in the structure of messages along with stylistic statistical data to segment and organize the content of discourse. No external resources are needed. The output of this adaptive parser is a scalable view on collective discussion. Such views are used to browse and navigate in large forums, or to compare discussion progress between small learners groups (Lucas & Giguet, 2008).

Building and Locating topics in CMC Objects: Colagora

Colagora is a tool based on ThemeEditor (Beust, 2002). It allows the user to build up lexical topics, according to his interest. Then it allows to explore the forum through these highlighting filters. Topics of interest are defined with simple word lists. These word lists are either uploaded in the Calico website, or defined interactively from the forum lexicon. Colagora is directed by the user’s needs as far as lexicon is concerned: the tool counts word occurrences and displays the whole word list sorted by frequency or by alphabetic order. The user can defined word topics with the words that truly appear in the forum, and with their existing variation due to derivation or misspelling. Colagora then highlights every matching word of the forum with the color linked to the topic (see Figure 1a). Like discussion forum objects, topic objects can be shared with other members. When topic objects are selected, they are used by other tools to colour their own representation (see below Bobinette).

Time, threads and topics: Bobinette

Bobinette was first developed by Huynh Kim Bang and Bruillard (2005) to solve reading problems occurring with classical forum interfaces. Bobinette offers both global and local views of a forum. It uses the chronological axis to display beads (representing posts) on a thread of discussion drawn as an horizontal line. Simultaneous threads are represented as additional lines below the first one. The main topic can be visualised by colour, and special messages, typically starters containing many questions, are highlighted by a question mark. Any post can be clicked open for closer reading. Bobinette has the capability to compute statistics about word topics for a forum and for each post. The content of selected posts can be displayed and the topic words highlighted (see Figure 1b).

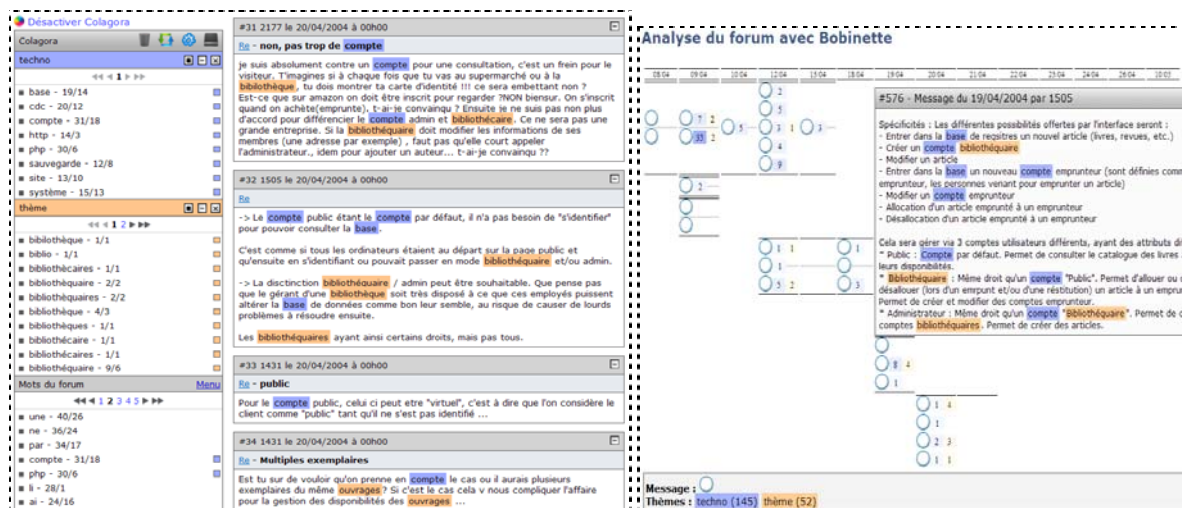


Figure 1. a) Colabora helps defining topics interactively. b) Bobinette offers global and local views.

Discussion and Perspective

One major result of the Calico website is to make forum objects easier to share and explore in education. Thus, the website contributes to the dialogue between researchers and practitioners. The Calico shared workspace includes novel tools that propose several ways to display the contents of a forum, to calculate quantitative and qualitative indicators about authors, interactions, topics and to offer new ways to display global or local information about a forum.

The Calico website hosts about 50 CMC objects, including discussion forum objects and mailing list objects in three languages (French, English and Greek). These objects were uploaded by members of the Calico network and by other researchers, using different e-learning platforms. We now consider the extension to other CMC objects, for instance, chat rooms, instant messaging, blogs. Other languages are also considered: exploring forum objects in Vietnamese and Arabic is under work. The improvement of the existing tools will focus on higher interactivity of the displays, better management of scalability, multilinguism, while allowing comparison between forum objects or forum excerpts.

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